

PUBLIC HEARING ON

«IMPROVING CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEMS IN EUROPE: THE ROLE OF E-TOOLS AND PERFORMANCE INDICATORS»

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Building infrastructures for national and cross-border e-justice

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ICT and Justice:

recent IRSIG-CNR research projects

- European Seminar on Court Technology Grotius Project 1999-2000
- Judicial Electronic Data Interchange Grotius Project 2002-2003
- AGIS programme JLS/2005/AGIS/175 ICT for Public Prosecutors' Offices
- Civil Justice Programme: Building Interoperability for European Civil Proceedings Online JLS/2009/JCIV/AG/0035
 - Final conference 15-16 June 2012 in Bologna
- e-Codex: ICT PSP 270968



Case

tracking

From case-tracking to Integrated CJ

Governance

Administr.

Clerks staff

Prosecutors

Agencies

EU Prosec. Authorities Management info systems

Case

managementsystems

Full business CMS

Integrated CJ network

EU data interchange



From paper dockets to case tracking

Functions of CT systems:

- Keep track of main procedural steps (ReGe)
- Limited automation

Users:

Clerks, administrative staff

ICT and institutions:

- Different systems for different functions (ReGe +Res Ita)
- Different systems for different kinds of PPO (Mini + Micro, Fr)

Development barriers:

Lack of knowledge, experience, understanding

Limits:

Systems heterogeneity, maintenance, integration



From Case Tracking to CMS

Functions of CMS:

- Large scale automation (procedures + documents) NIAS (NI)
- Case management (active, deadlines, tasks generators, statistics)

Users:

Prosecutor's managers, clerks, staff

ICT and institutions:

The same system is used by all prosecutor's offices statewide

Barriers:

- Authority and power (different PPO...)
- Procedural and data standardisation

Limits:

- Limited involvement of prosecutor
- Data are underutilized for governance purposes



From CMS to

"Integrated Criminal Justice Network"

Functions of the "Integrated CJ Net":

 Electronic data/documents, exchange/sharing across the Criminal Justice (Sakari, FIN; CJS, EN)

Users:

Potentially every actor in the Criminal Justice network

ICT and institutions:

Different interests and priorities within the agencies of the criminal justice network

Barriers:

- Authority and power
- Data and procedural standardisation
- Heterogeneity and technical integration



ICT for prosecutors: an story about ...

- Growing standardisation of data and procedures
- Growing number of functions and agencies involved in the project
- Continuous challenge of the existing institutional and organizational landscape
- Tensions between different forces:

Local solutions
Low standardisation
High specificity
Proprietary

Centralized solutions High standardisation

Low specificity

Shared



Single CMS for the Criminal Justice Network

- 20 years ago a state wide CMS was utopian
- Now
 - State wide CMS as a rule in many EU countries
 - CMS serving two different actors (in some countries)
 - Projects of integrated criminal justice systems



Tomorrow:

- Full implementation of integrated criminal justice systems at the national level
- EU cross country information exchange

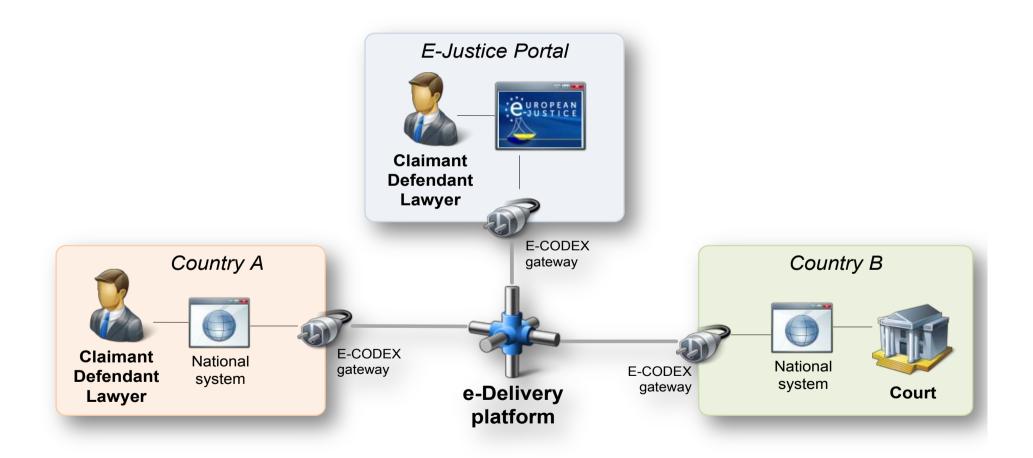


EU cross country information exchange

- European Arrest Warrant
 - Schengen Information System
- European Court of Justice
 - E-Curia (e-filing at Curia since nov 2011)
- e-Codex www.e-codex.eu
 - Development of Pilot application "to improving the cross border exchange of information in legal proceedings"



From tools to shared infrastructures





Information infrastructure

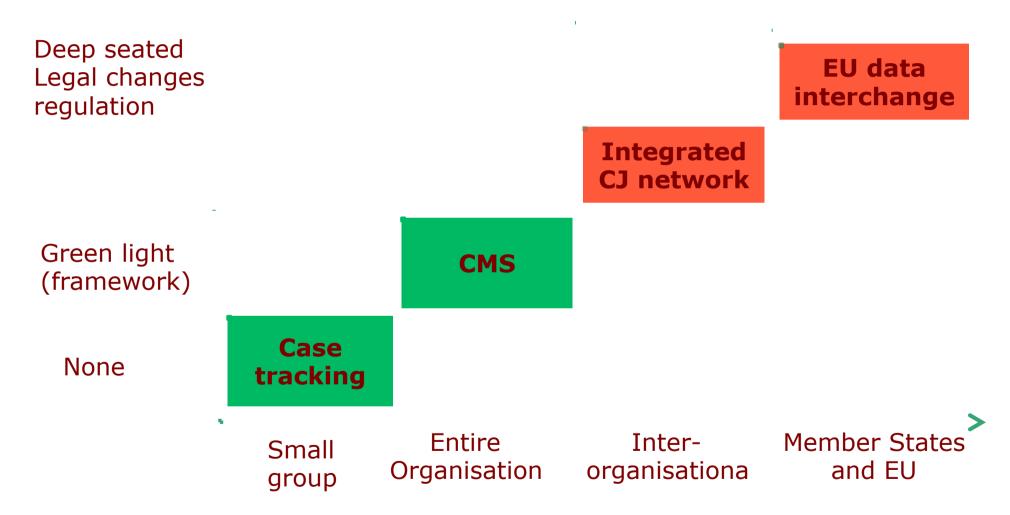
 "A shared, evolving, open, standardised, and heterogeneous installed base"

(O. Hanseth 1996)

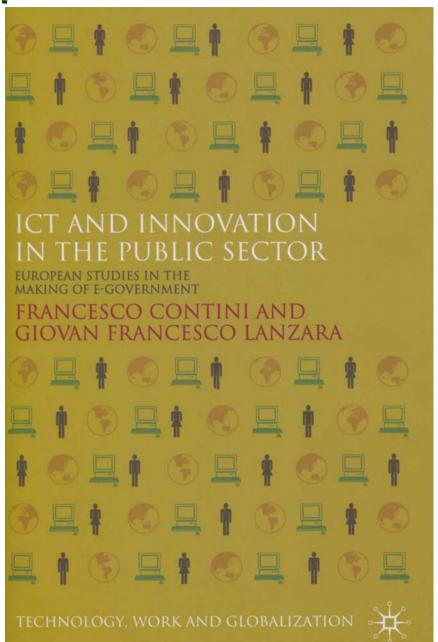
- Point to point communication:
 - Telex ... fax ... e-mail ... certified e-mail???
- Shengen Information System
 - Legal changes (from Constitutional changes to technial regulation)
 - SIS, SIS One4all, SISII
 - Sirene bureaux



Critical factors Law and Organisation







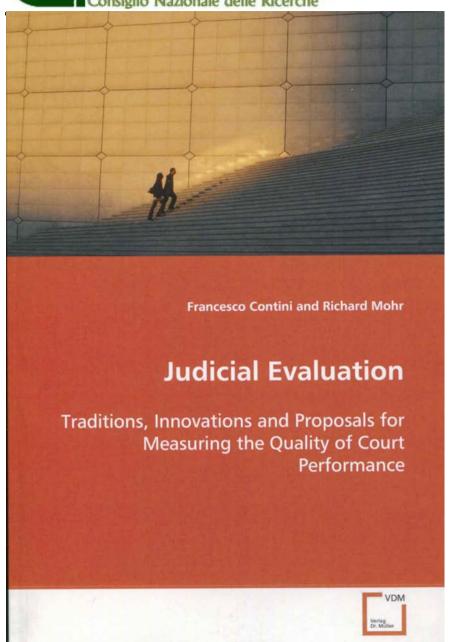
Some IRSIG-CNR publications

Francesco Contini and Giovan Francesco Lanzara (Eds)

ICT and Innovation in the Public Sector: European Studies in the Making of E-Government (Technology, Work and Globalization

Palgrave Macmillan: 2009





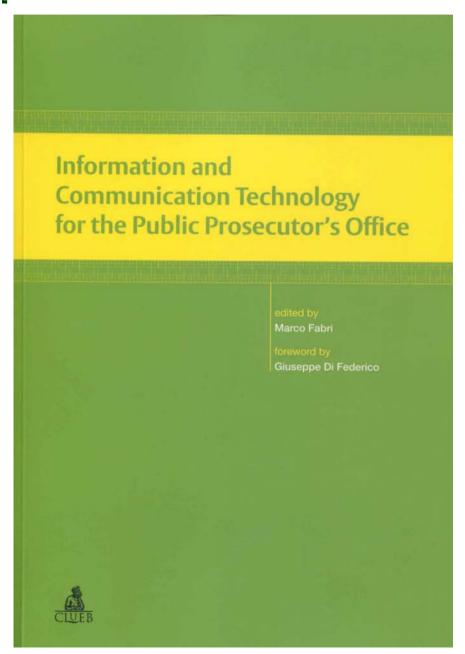
Some IRSIG-CNR publications

Francesco Contini and Richard Mohr

Judicial Evaluation. Traditions, Innovations and Proposals for Measuring the Quality of Courts Performance

VDM Verlag 2008





Some IRSIG-CNR publications

Marco Fabri (Ed)

Information and Communication Technologies for the Public Prosecutor's Office

Clueb: 2007

Available on line at www.irsig.cnr.it/index.php? option=com_booklibrary&task=view&id=1 552&catid=54&Itemid=75&lang=en



JUDICIAL ELECTRONIC DATA INTERCHANGE IN EUROPE: APPLICATIONS, POLICIES AND TRENDS

Research project with financial support from the Grotius Civil Programme and Grotius II (Criminal), European Commission, and from the Italian Ministry of Education, University and Research (FIRB programme)

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Interdisciplinary Centre for Law and Information Technology, Catholic University, Leuven, Belgium
Research Centre for Judicial Studies, University of Bologna, Italy
State Information Technology Court Service, Norway

Marco Fabri and Francesco Contini (Eds)

Judicial Electronic Data Interchange in Europe: Application, Policies and Trends

Lo Scarabeo: 2003

Available on line at: www.irsig.cnr.it/index.php? option=com_booklibrary&task=view&id=1 571&catid=54&Itemid=75&lang=en





Justice and Technology in Europe:
How ICT is Changing the Judicial Business

Editors Marco Fabri and Francesco Contini

Foreword by Giuseppe Di Federico

Marco Fabri and Francesco Contini (Eds)

Justice and Technology in Europe: How ICT Is Changing the Judicial Business

Kluwer Law International: 2001

