Using foresight techniques in the implementation of innovation policies

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The regional dimension of the European Research Area

- Regional dimension identified in all ERA related Communications as important
- Devolution of public policy
 - Territorialisation of RTDI policies
 - New governance closer to citizens & economic actors



The regional dimension of the European Research Area

- Exploiting possibilities offered by the linkage of EU RTDI and Regional Policies (for local & regional authorities)
- Involving Member States and Regions in a European Policy context
- → Mobilise ALL R&D actors private & public; European, National AND Regional



Why foresight in innovation policy?

- We are facing some new challenges
- habitual ways of responding might not work
- Foresight is a mechanism for identifying new issues
- challenging presuppositions, formulating questions
- and setting out to find some answers



Route map

- Who am I?
- What is foresight?
- Who is doing it?
- Why would innovation policy people want to do it?
- What would they be likely to get out of it?
- How can you do it?
- An example, what might work!



A common definition of foresight

"the process involved in systematically attempting to look into the longer-term future of science, technology, the economy and society with the aim of identifying the areas of strategic research and the emerging generic technologies likely to yield the greatest economic and social benefits"

Ben Martin, SPRU, 1995



If it sounds like....

- Planning it is not, although closely related
- Neither is it forecasting, although uses same tools
- □ It is
 - exploration of different possible futures
 - giving them life enough to evaluate options
 - and make 'reasoned' choices between them
 - and inform today's decision making
 - to take us where we want/need to go



So, similar to RIS, RITTS

■ The objectives of which are:

1. To improve the capacity to develop policies

2. Provide framework to optimise future investments in R&D&I



In fact, they are complementary

- Inclusive, 'bottom up', 'culture change' projects
- Depend on right sponsors and participants
- Must be part of policy cycle, aiming to 'embed'
- Rigorous and systematic
- Must be good 'projects' perhaps this is the key!
- In fact, perhaps, 75% of labour is common
- Would be an excellent 'follow-on' or refocusing



But foresight is a bit different

Because it tries to listen/look 'over the horizon' for the unforeseen, the new, the currently marginal shifting from incremental policy development (and consequent incremental view of innovation) to detecting breakthroughs, anticipating discontinuity to try to make us ready for things we don't know



Everybody's doing it, regions too

- National, sub-national, even European level
- But why should regions be interested in general?
- Key 'meso level' to mediate global trends
- and implement national and EU policy
- where knowledge makes money or social impact
- where detailed problems can be tackled



& innovation people in particular?

Are some new policy challenges in regions

- scarce resources must prioritise, but are best choices?
- we can't do everything must specialise, but where?
- more players in the game where we going to be competitive?
- choices about S&T and innovation very complex now
- national level perhaps less effective in responding
- accepted that regional clusters are key economic drivers
- regions need innovation management skills to optimise



Regional Foresight - why?

Regional foresight activities

- Provide guidance to public & private policy-makers & stakeholders Support the development of the ERA
- Link regional activities with national & European policy
- Strengthen the regional identity both inwards & outwards provides a communication tool
- Create readiness for change & adaptability



Regional Foresight – objectives!

- Elaborate a vision for region as an advanced knowledge economy in 2020 whose main resource is its ability to develop human capital in new economy skills all round the world from a Balkan base.
- Guide the decision-making of regional input into the National Development Plan
- Mobilise <u>public-private sector partnerships</u> to take action on business opportunities
- Revitalise old <u>networks</u> and stimulate the formation of new networks
- Explore foresight methodology and approaches and record the process.

 15/10/2007 BRIDGE Bulgaria, October 2007



Regional Foresight - how?

- Activities need to transcend horizontal & vertical boundaries
- Be part of a wider policy context
- Focus on questions that foresight can influence
- Mobilisation be "sold in" to key stakeholders
- Balanced participation (public, private, NGO, citizens, ...)
- Not in isolation => linked to other initiatives at regional / national / European level
- Concrete & tangible results
- Built in evaluation
- Continuity



Regional Foresight – when?

- Activities that have direct impact on the region
- Actors that have direct impact on the region
- Autonomy / political influence required
- Focus on foresight for policy ange
- If it cannot be tied to action



European Foresight Knowledge Sharing platform

- Monitoring & analysis of, & reporting on, (S&T) Foresight activities at regional, national & European level
- Mobilising foresight knowledge around key EU-relevant issues
- Focus on shared use of results & knowledge produced by foresight initiatives at all levels
 - supporting forward-looking & coherent RTDI policy-making in Europe
 - exchange of good practice & methodological tools
- Activities designed and implemented in close coordination with the direct actions of the JRC IPTS (Joint Research Centres' Institute for Prospective Technological Studies, Sevilla, Spain)

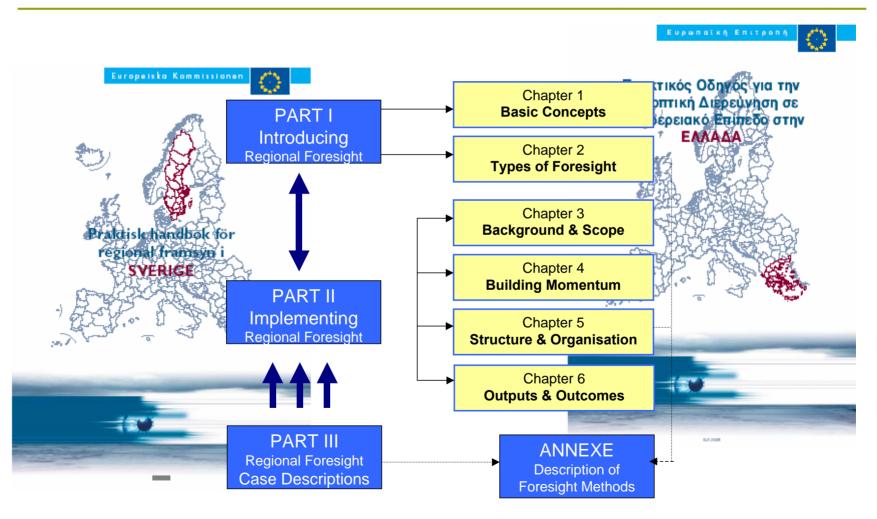


What is EU trying to promote using Regional Foresight

- Develop strategic knowledge and capacity in Europe, and contribute to global institutional landscape
- Increase synergies: develop and use platforms and networks to disseminate and integrate results from different levels and sectors
- Develop technical tools and societal processes for an efficient use and improved policy impacts
- Create forward thinking culture in society as a whole, adapt education & training, improve awareness building
- Develop joint / complementary activities on common-interest topics



EU Publications: Country Specific Practical Guides to Regional Foresight





What is a blueprint?

A PRACTICAL GUIDE to ask valid questions, make valid considerations, take steps in right direction

- A manual or roadmap to SET UP a foresight activity
- NOT a foresight exercise in itself
- Generic but built on REAL problems in REAL regions
- Makes explicit why and how choices are being made
- Focus on SPECIFIC regional challenges
- Builds on stakeholder INVOLVEMENT
- NOT prescriptive



Main components of the Blueprints

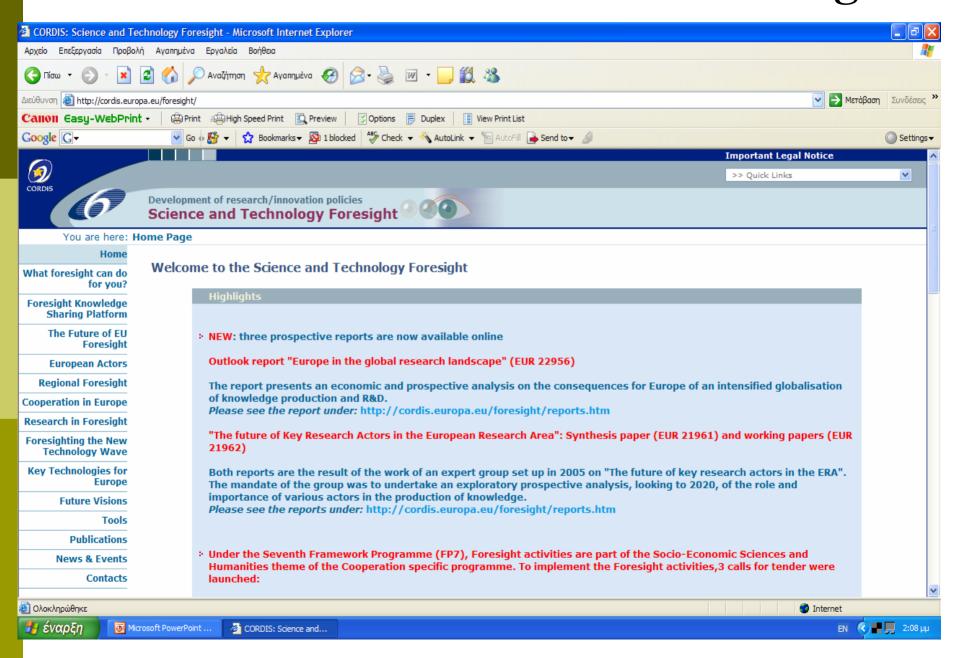
- The regional context
 - Framework conditions of the region(s) involved?
- Rationale of the regional foresight process
 - What is the policy context
 - Which issues would benefit from a foresight process?
- Stakeholder mobilisation
 - Who are the stakeholders?
 - How can the stakeholders be mobilised?
- How to plan a regional foresight process
 - foresight process design, implementation, monitoring and evaluation?
- How to plan for successful implementation
 - Implementation, follow-up and evaluation of outcomes?
 - continuity?
- Lessons learnt from elaboration of blueprint
- Contacts of regional foresight practitioners/experts



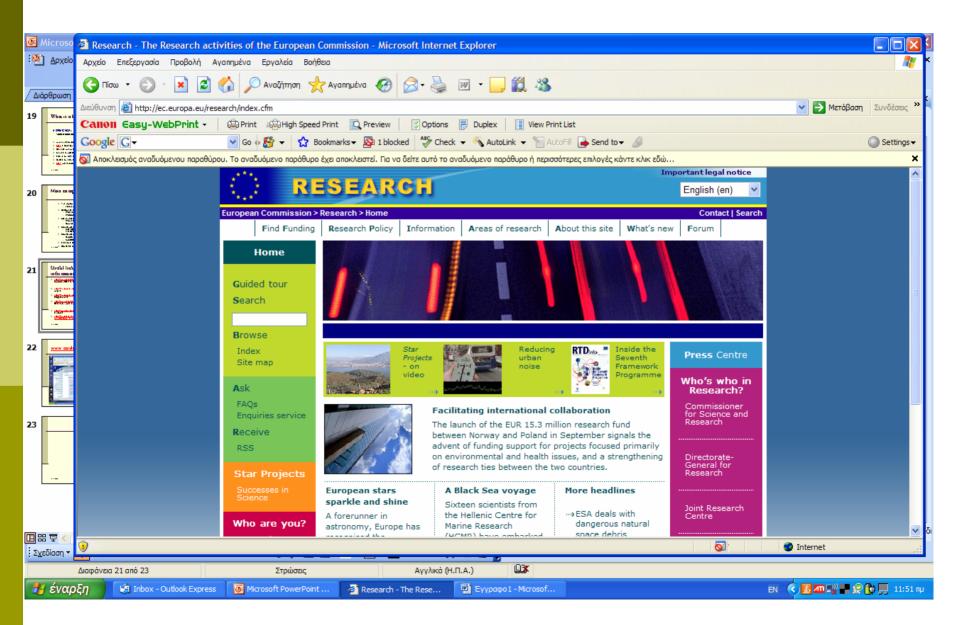
Useful links & sources of information

- http://www.cordis.lu/foresight/ (Foresight unit, DG RTD K-2, opportunities in FP6)
- http://europa.eu.int/comm/research/ (DG Research official home page)
- http://europa.eu.int/comm/research/fp6/ (The 6th Framework Programme)
- http://www.cordis.lu/era/home.html (News on the European Research Area and the FP)
- http://www.innovating-regions.org/ (Innovating Regions in Europe)
- http://europa.eu.int/comm/regional_policy/sources/doco ffic/official/communic/comm_en.htm (DG Regio policy documents)

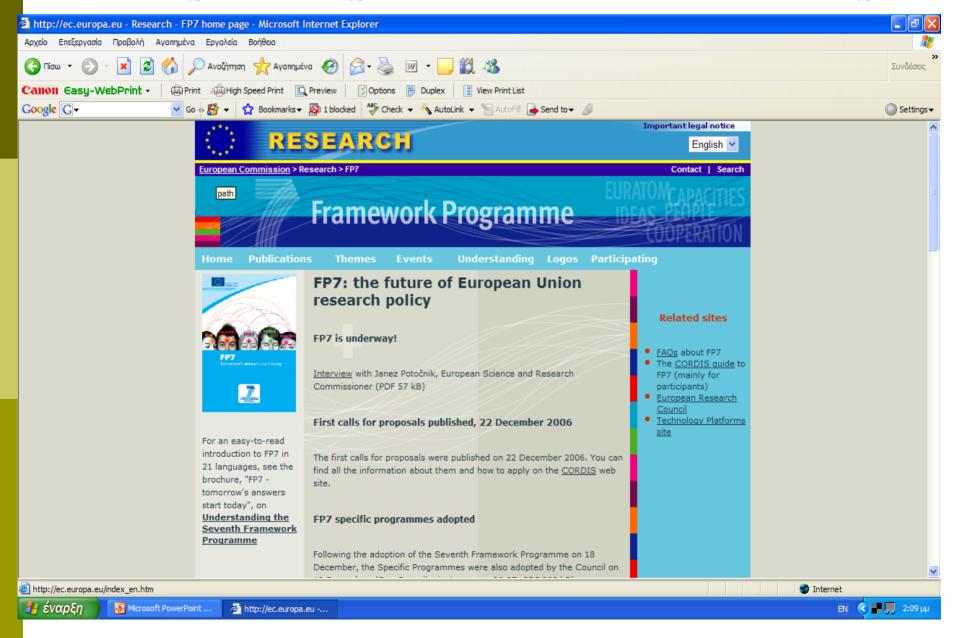
www.cordis.lu/foresight



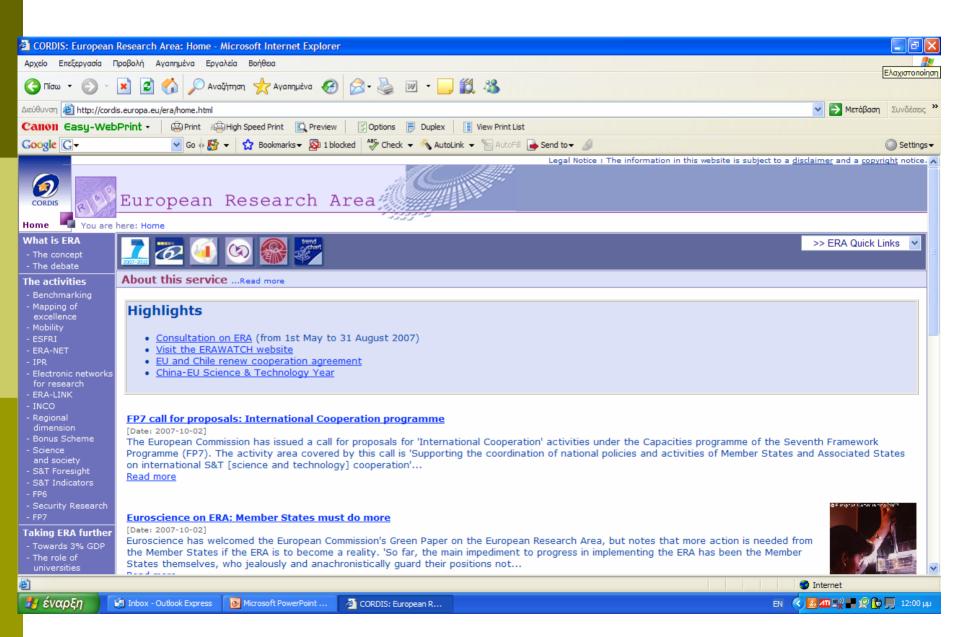
http://europa.eu.int/comm/research



http://europa.eu.int/comm/research/fp7



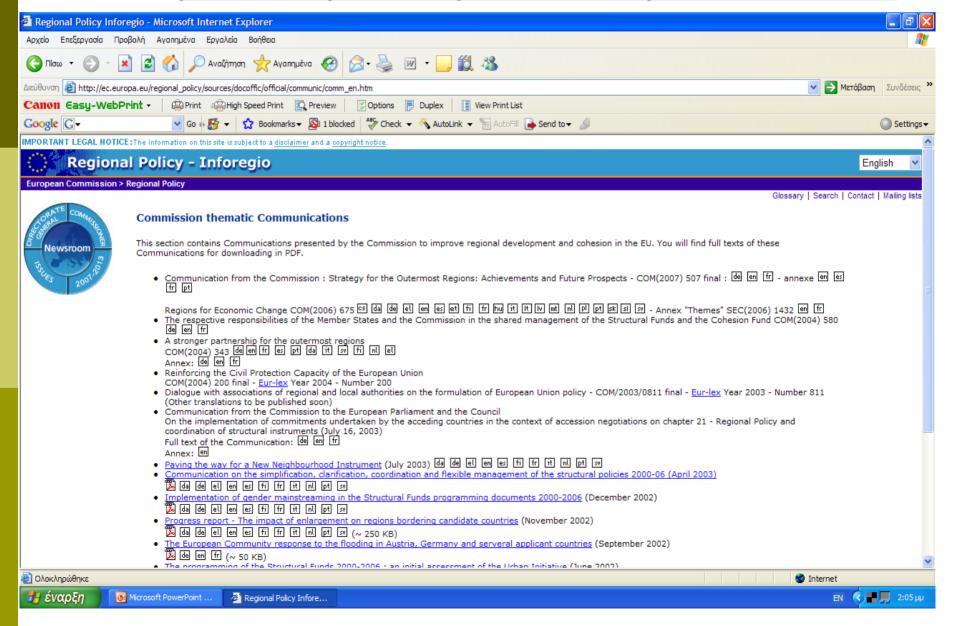
http://www.cordis.lu/era/home.html



http://www.innovating-regions.org



http://europa.eu.int/comm/regional policy/sources/docoffic/official/communic/comm_en.htm





But, having said all that....

- Now is a great time to do it, never better
- plenty of now well-organised expertise to draw on
- nationally and at EU level
- plenty of excellent printed material e.g. The Guide
- lots of other people are trying it too



How do you do it, then?

- Expert knowledge based methods
- Delphi method
- Expert panels
- Brainstorming
- Mindmapping
- Scenarios

Quantitative methods

- Bibliometrics, patent analysis, text mining
- Trend extrapolation
- Simulation modelling
- Cross impact analysis
- System dynamics



Thank You for your attention

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